11 Internal Rules of Procedure

Proposer: FYEG

Agenda item: 8. Statutory Documents

Motion text

General Principles

- 2 FYEG will have minimal statutes that only contain what legally matters and they
- will be revised in case the Belgian law changes. All other matters will be taken
- care of in the IRPs.
- 5 The IRPs must never contradict the statutes, they can elaborate.
- The IRPs shall be facilitating and helping with decision-making processes as
- 7 well as the organisation of the federation. There shall be no more rules than
- 8 necessary.
- This document shall be accessible to every MO on the website.
- All acts, invoices, publications, official letters and websites, in electronic
- form or not, emanating from the association must mention:
- its full or abbreviated name, immediately preceded or followed by "AISBL" or
- "international non-profit association",
- the precise indication of its registered office,
- its company number,
- the terms "register of legal persons" or the abbreviation "RPM" followed by
- the indication of the court of the registered office of the legal person,
- if applicable, their email address and website,
- the number of at least one account held by the association with a credit
- institution established in Belgium,

- if applicable, the indication that the association is in liquidation.

1. Member Organizations

1.1. Membership

- 1.1.1. Membership categories
- The association is made up of member organisations only and has three categories
- of member organisations:
- 27 Full members
- 28 Candidate members
- 29 Associate members
- 30 1.1.2. Membership criteria
- Membership criteria are detailed in the Statutes.
- 1.1.3. Conditions of admission of candidate members
- 33 Conditions of admission of candidate member organisations are detailed in the
- 34 Statutes.
- 1.1.4. Conditions of admission of full members
- 36 Conditions of admission of full member organisations are detailed in the
- 37 Statutes.
- In addition, a candidate member organisation must apply for full membership
- latest at the General Assembly three years after it has received its candidate
- member organisation status. If the candidate member organisation does not apply
- for full membership in the third year of its candidacy, the Executive Committee
- can propose the suspension or exclusion of the candidate member organisation.
- 1.1.5. Conditions of admission of associate members
- 44 Conditions of admission of associate member organisations are detailed in the
- 45 Statutes.

- 46 1.1.6. Resignation of members
- Conditions for the resignation of members are detailed in the Statutes.
- 48 1.1.7. Suspension of members
- Conditions for the suspension of members are detailed in the Statutes.
- The Executive Committee has a right to propose the suspension of a member
- organisation to the General Assembly in the following cases (not limited to):
- no update or other contact is made between a member and the FYEG Executive
- Committee between two General Assemblies,
- the member organisation doesn't fulfil one or more of the membership criteria,
- the member organisation didn't pay their membership fee,
- major changes that happened in the member organisation, which need to be
- investigated by the EC.
- The suspension of a member means that the organisation loses its voting rights.
- 59 When a member is suspended, the Executive Committee:
- 1. informs the member organisation about the suspension via an e-mail and
- explain the consequences
- 62 2. makes all reasonable efforts to enable the member to regain its full
- 63 membership
- 3. creates a report on this process and presents it at the following General
- 65 Assembly.
- 1.1.8. Exclusion of members
- 67 Conditions for the exclusion of members are detailed in the Statutes.
- The exclusion of an MO means that this organisation is not listed as a member
- organisation anymore and hence loses all of its rights within FYEG. Following an
- exclusion, an organisation that wishes to rejoin FYEG is expected to follow the
- entire membership procedure, as a new organisation would.

- 72 The rejoining organisation is required to inform GA about changes that happened
- in their organisation since leaving FYEG and explanation of their decision about
- 74 rejoining.
- 1.1.9. Suspension and exclusion in case of non-payment of
- 76 membership fee
- 77 The suspension and exclusion of member organisation in case of non-payment of
- membership fee is further detailed in the Statutes.
- 79 1.1.10. Membership fee
- 80 FYEG has an annual membership fee. The ceiling is stated in the Statutes.
- Each full member organisation shall pay an annual membership fee to FYEG. This
- membership fee shall correspond to 1 % of the total incomes of their previous
- year's realised budget with a minimum of 50 EUR for the EU and European Economic
- Area (Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway) and Switzerland and the United Kingdom,
- and 25 EUR for all other European countries.
- By way of derogation to the previous paragraph, the General Assembly may decide,
- in duly justified cases, to lower the amount of the membership fee that a Member
- Organisation shall pay, following a recommendation of the Executive Committee.
- 89 Requests for lowering the Membership fee shall be sent by a Member Organisation
- to the Executive Committee at the latest 2 weeks before the GA.
- Each full MO shall pay their membership fee for the running year on the first
- evening of the GA at the latest, if it has not already been transferred earlier.
- Full MOs are requested to provide their annual budget statement for the previous
- year at the latest. A document listing the amount of the membership fee paid by
- each MO and the way it has been calculated must be annexed to the financial
- 96 report of the year in question.
- 97 1.1.11. Membership reviews
- The Executive Committee presents a review of the FYEG Member Organisations as
- part of the Executive Committee Report. The review can include the following
- information:
- 101 Overview of the region and its meetings and activities,
- The Member Organisations' engagement with FYEG activities during the year,

- Major changes to the Member Organisation.
- In case of major changes (change of organisations' name, split in the
- organisation, merge with another organisation, change of political affiliation,
- etc.), the Executive Committee can propose the General Assembly to vote on that
- change. The General Assembly may, among other options, take note of the change
- or suspend the membership of the organisation to give sufficient time to the
- Executive Committee to look into the situation.
- 1.2. Working with Member Organisations
- 1.2.1. Member Organisation Duties
- Each MO should keep FYEG updated about:
- changes in the board
- valid contact addresses for the MO list and the website
- 115 activities
- 1.2.2. FYEG duties
- 117 FYEG will provide the Member Organisations with:
- information about statutory meetings
- minutes and reports from statutory meetings and long ECMs
- a newsletter containing information and participation possibilities in current
- 121 activities

- regularly updated contacts of other Member Organisations

2. General Assembly

- 2.1. Composition
- The General Assembly is the highest decision body. The General Assembly is
- composed of one or two delegates per full member organisation, candidate member
- organisation and associate member organisation.

- MOs should strive to send delegations to GA that are gender-balanced and consist
- of delegates maximum aged 30 years old. If the organisation is unable to find
- delegates within the age limit, they can send older delegates aged 31-35.
- The delegates can be asked to pay a participation fee for the General Assembly.
- People who are employed by FYEG or are members of the FYEG Executive Committee
- cannot be delegates to the general assembly.
- 134 **2.2.** Powers
- The power of the General Assembly is detailed in the Statutes.
- In addition to what Statutes state, a decision of the General Assembly is
- required in the following cases:
- the adoption and amendment of the Activity plan for the upcoming year,
- the adoption and amendment of Resolutions,
- the election of the Financial Control and Advisory Committee,
- the election of the Editorial Board of Ecosprinter,
- the election of the FYEG representative to the European Green Party Committee,
- the approval of the Advisory Committee
- the approval of the Presidency of the General Assembly
- Decision about joining (or leaving) membership with other
- organisations/networks
- The General Assembly also hears the following reports:
- 148 Activity Report
- Executive Committee and Secretary General Report
- FYEG's Representative to the EGP Committee

- Ecosprinter Editorial Board report
- Financial Control and Advisory Committee report
- Advisory Committee report
- 2.3. Functioning
- The Administrative Board and the Executive Committee summons the annual General
- Assembly. FYEG Member Organisations are summoned to the General Assembly via
- ordinary mail or e-mail. The convocation contains the agenda, date, time and
- place of the General Assembly.
- General Assembly is presided in line with the Meeting Rules (Annex 1)
- The rules for holding extraordinary General Assembly are detailed in the

Statutes.

- 163 Changes to the statutory and internal organisational documents take effect from
- the first working day after the GA meeting where they were changed, except when
- the GA votes for their immediate implementation through a second vote requiring
- an absolute two-thirds majority. Persons elected by the General Assembly will
- start their mandate from the first working day after the GA meeting where they
- were elected, unless other rules apply for their mandate.
- 2.4. Deadlines and calls
- The call for hosting the General Assembly must be sent as soon as possible, no
- later than 7 months before the tentative dates of the GA. The call must be open
- at least one month. The selection of the hosting organisation is done by the
- 173 Executive Committee.
- 174 The remaining deadlines are structured as follows:
- 175 12 Weeks before the General Assembly the Executive Committee must send out a
- call for:
- 177 Registration of all participants
- 178 delegates
- the executive committee (if applicable)
- the secretary general (if applicable)

the financial control and advisory committee 181 the ecosprinter editorial board 182 the FYEG representative to the EGP committee 183 the presidency 184 9 weeks before the General Assembly is the deadline for: 185 186 applications of presidency Between 10 and 7 weeks before the GA 187 The Executive Committee must also organise an online information session, 188 explaining the functioning of the General Assembly and promoting the different 189 open positions. 190 6 weeks before the General Assembly is the deadline for: 191 registration of delegates 192 applications of organisations for associate, candidate or full membership 193 applications of Secretary General candidates 194 applications for the FYEG nominee to the EGP Committee 195 4 Weeks before the General Assembly is the deadline for: submission of resolutions 197 amendments to the Political Platform, the Internal Rules and Procedures and the 198 Strategic Plan 199 Reports and Plans to be sent out to Member Organisations 200 Executive Committee candidates 201 Financial Control and Advisory Committee candidates 202

Ecosprinter Editorial Board candidates

- the submission of proposals to add point to the GA agenda, any such proposal
- must be signed by one-twentieth of the full member organisations, as detailed in
- the Statutes
- In case the number of candidates is less than the number of positions open
- and/or if the gender quota is not met, the Executive Committee will re-open the
- call for additional candidates of the underrepresented gender and/or positions
- with lacking candidates.
- 3 weeks before the General Assembly is the deadline for:
- 212 publication of Candidacies
- publication of Executive Committee recommendations on potential member
- organisations (for full, candidate or associate membership)
- publication of Executive Committee recommendations on exclusion and/or
- suspension of member organisations
- sending the GA agenda, as detailed in the Statutes
- 218 2 weeks before the General Assembly is the deadline for:
- MOs to express their support for candidates
- 1 week before the General Assembly is the deadline for:
- amendments to the resolutions and Plans
- Other deadlines:
- The deadline for submitting emergency resolutions must be 2 days before the
- start of the General Assembly. At the end of the General Assembly's first day,
- the assembly sets a deadline for amendments to the emergency resolutions.
- 2.5. Submission of resolutions and amendments
- 227 At the general assembly Full Member Organisations and the Executive Committee
- have the right to submit resolutions, and amendments to resolutions, the
- political platform, the activity and financial plan, the strategic plan, other
- plans tabled by the EC, the statutes and the IRPs, bearing in mind the deadlines
- specified under 2.4. Support of 3 Full Member Organizations is needed in order

- to table an emergency resolution.
- 233 2.6. Presidency
- The General Assembly confirms the Presidency proposed by the Executive Committee before any other decisions are made.
- The Presidency then:
- chairs the meetings and discussions at the General Assembly
- prepares the resolutions, amendments and voting procedures for the General
 Assembly
- is responsible for taking the minutes of the General Assembly
- The Presidency:
- consists of four to six people who must not be candidates to any positions at the General Assembly.
- can be suspended and simultaneously replaced with an absolute two-third
 majority by the assembly. Such a vote of no-confidence can be demanded by
 at least 5% of the delegates, who must present people for the new
 Presidency.
- 2.7. Participation fee
- A participation fee to the General Assembly can be set up if the Treasurer finds it necessary.
- The following participants of the General Assembly are exempt from paying the participation fee:
- One delegate per Full, Candidate and Associate Member Organisation,
- 254 Executive Committee members

- the Secretary-General and office
- 256 members of the Presidency
- 257 If a full Member Organisation sends a second delegate the participation fee is
- halved in case at least one of the two delegates self-identifies as women,
- intersex, nonbinary, trans or agender. Treasurer can grant exemption or lowering
- of the fee to participant that request it.
- 2.8. Travel reimbursement
- Full reimbursement of travel costs is granted to:
- one delegate per full, candidate or associate Member Organisation
- Executive Committee members
- the Secretary-General and the office
- candidates for the Executive Committee elections
- candidates for the Secretary-General elections, provided they have received approval by the pre-selection committee
- candidates for the FYEG Representative to the EGP Committee, provided they have received approval by the pre-selection committee
- members of the presidency
- The Treasurer can decide to reimburse travel costs for:
- delegates of organisations applying for candidate membership in FYEG
- candidates for all open positions

• the second delegate of a full, candidate or associate Member Organisation if at least one delegate self-identifies as women, intersex, nonbinary, trans or agender.

3. Election and Voting Procedures

- 3.1. Attendance and voting quorums
- In line with the Statutes, each Member Organisation has the right to attend the
- General Assembly. Only Full Member Organisations have voting rights and each
- Full Member Organisation has two votes.
- 3.1.1. Principles

- In line with the Statutes, the General Assembly deliberates validly only if 50 %
- 285 + 1 of the Full Member Organisations are present or represented. The Statutes
- detail the steps to follow in case the attendance quorum is not reached.
- In line with the Statutes, in principle all decisions in FYEG are taken by a
- simple majority of votes registered for the General Assembly. When voting,
- abstention is always an option. When the vote relates to decisions concerning
- persons or Member Organisations, the ballot is always secret. The voting body
- can decide to have other voting procedures processed through secret ballot.
- 3.1.2. Procedures
- 293 Definitions
- Votes registered at General Assembly the number of Member Organisations and
- their delegates who are registered for the General Assembly and have voted in
- the determination of the General Assembly quorum
- Votes cast the number of votes that were submitted.
- 298 Simple majority
- Majority of the votes cast, i.e. the number of "Yes" votes exceed the number of
- "No" votes.
- Abstentions are not considered in the count.

- 302 Examples:
- Out of 20 votes: 11 yes, 9 no, 0 abstentions: passed; 1 yes, 0 no, 19
- abstentions: passed.
- 10 yes; 10 no; 0 abstentions. not passed. 10 yes, 9 no, 1 abstention: passed.
- 306 Absolute majority
- To pass "yes" should reach the majority (half+1, or half + 0.5 in case of odd
- number) of the number of votes registered at the General Assembly.
- Note that it is number of votes registered, not number of votes cast. This means
- that if less than half of the voters are present and vote, this majority can
- never be reached.
- Examples:
- 20 voters registered: need 11 or more yes votes.
- 21 voters registered: need 11 or more yes votes.
- 22 voters registered: need 12 or more yes votes.
- 316 Simple two-thirds majority
- Two thirds of the votes cast.
- Absolute two-thirds majority
- Two thirds of the number of votes registered.
- Note that it is the number of votes registered, not the number of votes cast.
- This means that if less than two thirds of the voters are present and vote this
- majority can never be reached.
- Examples:
- 20 voters: need 14 yes or more votes.
- 21 voters registered: need 14 or more yes votes.

- 22 voters registered: need 15 or more yes votes.
- 3.2. Election of candidates
- 328 3.2.1. Principles
- FYEG uses a Single Transferable Vote (STV) electoral system with a standard
- droop quota. Mathematically, this is the next integer larger than V / (n+1) when
- V =the total number of valid votes and n is the number of positions available.
- 332 Specifically recommended is the Scottish STV system.
- 3.2.2. Procedures
- The main principle is to rank all the candidates according to the voter's
- preferences for each candidate. Where 1 is the first preference 2 the second
- preference and so on. Voters can rank all candidates even if the number of
- candidates exceeds the number of positions. Voters can decide to not rank some
- of the candidates even if this means leaving the ballot partially blank.
- Only a completely blank ballot counts as abstention, an abstention counts under
- the exception below.
- If a simple majority of all ballots cast do not rank the candidate with any
- numbers they are excluded from the election.
- 0 All ballots are inspected to determine that candidates have received a
- simple majority of any kind of ranking on cast ballots. If not, they will be
- excluded from the election.
- 1 The candidates who have reached the election quota (i.e. election threshold)
- 347 are elected.
- 2 If some positions are still available, the following process starts:
- 2a The left-over votes on candidates reaching the election threshold are
- redistributed according to second preferences, using the Single Transferable
- Vote system of distribution.
- 2b If one or more candidates have reached the election threshold, that/those
- candidate(s) are elected in order from highest to lowest vote count. The process
- then starts again from point (2).
- 355 2c If no candidate reaches the threshold in this way, the candidate with the

- lowest amount of votes is removed from the election. The ballot-papers that
- ranked this candidate as their first remaining preference are redistributed
- according to their second preference. The process is then restarted (1).
- 2d If, following the calculation of the election result, one or more
- candidates is elected who is ineligible due to quota regulations, these
- candidates (who had the least number of votes) are removed from the pool of
- candidates and the entire election is recalculated. That is to say, the election
- is recalculated, and each time the ineligible candidate would have received a
- preference vote, the vote instead goes to the voter's next preference.
- 3.2.3. Exceptions
- 366 At the General Assembly:
- Concerning the Executive Committee elections:
- The spokespersons and the treasurer are elected separately from the rest of the
- 369 Executive Committee positions.
- 370 Concerning the Advisory Committee:
- The newly elected Executive Committee will present the proposed Advisory
- Committee to the General Assembly. The General Assembly ratifies the proposed
- Advisory Committee by a simple majority vote.
- 374 Between General Assemblies:
- Concerning the replacement of a resigned Executive Committee member:
- If an Executive Committee member resigns, a new Executive Committee member can
- be elected to replace them.
- The Executive Committee will publishes a call for candidates for the vacant
- position. Candidates will be elected via an electronic vote.
- Any replaced EC member will have full voting rights in the Executive Committee.
- 3.3. Electronic voting
- The Executive Committee can call for an electronic vote between General
- Assemblies in urgent matters. It is the duty of the Executive Committee to

- provide enough information for the full Member Organisations to make an informed decision.
- Each full Member Organisation has 2 votes. When voting, abstention is always an option.
- The voting period is set to two weeks with a one week reminder.
- The Statutes, the Internal Rules and Procedures, the Strategic Plan and the
- Political Platform cannot be subject to any electronic vote between the General
- 391 Assemblies.
- Results will be announced within one week after the closing of the vote and
- include detailed information.
- 394 3.4. Tiebreakers
- 395 3.4.1. Tiebreakers on point of substance
- In the case of a tie between two points of substance, the vote shall be held
- again. If the result is once again a tie, the body voting may choose to vote
- once more, table the discussion to later in the meeting, or decide by some form
- of chance. Note that this paragraph is not intended to apply to ties between
- "yes", "no", or "abstain" where some point of substance requires a majority to
- 401 pass.
- 402 3.4.2. Tiebreakers relating to elections
- 403 If the tie occurs between two candidates in an election, and only one may be
- elected, a vote shall be held to decide between them. If the result is once
- again a tie, the body voting may choose to vote once more or decide by some form
- of chance. At any point during this, either candidate may choose to withdraw.
- 3.5. Dismissal of elected persons
- 408 3.5.1. Dismissal of Executive Committee member
- 409 Two thirds of the Executive Committee can propose dismissal of an Executive
- 410 Committee member.
- 411 The Full Member Organisations vote on the proposed resignation through
- electronic vote.

- The vote is based on two letters: a letter of justification from the majority of
- Executive Committee members proposing the dismissal and an optional letter of
- defence from the Executive Committee member.
- 416 If at least one third of the full MOs participate in the vote and a two third
- majority is reached the Executive Committee member is dismissed.
- 3.5.2. Dismissal of Secretary-General
- Two thirds of the Executive Committee can propose the dismissal of the
- Secretary-General.An additional General Assembly must then be convened by a
- decision of the Administrative Board under the applicable rules (as set out in
- the statutes), where the Member Organisations vote on both the dismissal of the
- existing Secretary-General, and the election and appointment to the
- 424 Administrative Board of a new interim Secretary-General. The Executive Committee
- has the right to in writing and orally inform the Member Organisations as to why
- they have proposed the dismissal, and the Secretary-General the right to defend
- 427 themselves.
- If quorum is reached (as detailed in the Statutes) and a simple two-thirds
- majority is found at the additional General Assembly for dismissing the
- Secretary-General, the Secretary-General is dismissed. The Executive Committee
- can propose dismissal of the Secretary General, with two-thirds of the votes of
- the members of the EC. The Member Organisations must be notified within 8 days
- about the decision and the Executive Committee must appoint a Secretary-General
- ad interim within 8 weeks after the decision of the Executive Committee. The
- Secretary General ad interim will continue until the election of a new Secretary
- General at the subsequent General Assembly. The new interim Secretary-General
- will take over the mandate over the former Secretary-General, expiring whenever
- the former Secretary-General's mandate would have expired. They have all the
- powers and responsibilities of the former Secretary-General.
- 3.6. Gender quota
- In all elected bodies there must be a minimum of 50% of people that self-
- identify as women, intersex, nonbinary, trans or agender.
- If there is only one position in a body, there is no quota. However it is
- encouraged that people that self-identify as women, intersex, nonbinary, trans
- or agender alternate in this position.

4. Bodies

- 4.1. Administrative Board
- In line with the Statutes, the association is administered by an administrative
- board composed of three people, appointed by the general assembly amongst the
- 450 Secretary-General, and members of the Executive Committee, preferably the
- Spokespeople and the Treasurer.
- 4.2. Executive Committee
- The Executive Committee members are responsible for making strategic and
- 454 political decisions about the organisation during their mandate and between
- 455 General Assemblies.

- The Executive Committee strives to reach consensus, with any member able to call
- a vote if consensus cannot be reached; decisions are made by a simple majority,
- disregarding abstentions. If no majority is secured after two consecutive votes,
- the decision is postponed to the next meeting for further attempts to reach a
- 461 consensus. If voting fails again in the subsequent meeting, the decision is
- deemed against.
- The Executive Committee is composed of eight people:
- 464 who are elected by the General Assembly with a one-year mandate
- "Who can only do a maximum of three total mandates"
- in case of by-election, the term only counts as a mandate if it exceeds 9 months
- an EC member can not hold two mandates in the same role
- 468 An EC candidate must not be older than 32 on the year of election.
- A mandate is the period between one Annual GA and the second to next Annual GA.
- Within the EC there are two spokespersons, who must not be from the same Member
- Organisation, the treasurer and five additional members. The gender quota
- applies to the spokespersons.
- The Executive Committee:

- rules when an absolute majority of its members are present and/or involved in
- the decision-making process through online channels,

- is responsible for the relations with the Member Organisations,
- 478 has the right to make statements on behalf of FYEG, in line with the political
- platform
- 480 oversees the implementation of the activity plan as decided by the General
- 481 Assembly
- receives and handles applications from organisations that wish to join FYEG and
- produces a report for the General Assembly including voting recommendation
- can engage FYEG in partnerships with external movements, networks and
- 485 organisations
- select members of non-elected temporary bodies and provides political support to
- them (such as the prep-teams, working groups, task forces etc.)
- The Executive Committee members represent FYEG to its partners, member
- organisations and other stakeholders.

- 491 EC members need to ensure a good transfer of knowledge when their mandate comes
- to an end with a proper handover. The handover should take place within 3 weeks
- of the tasks being divided.
- 494 4.2.1. Spokespeople
- The Spokespersons:
- 496 Coordinate the Executive Committee
- 497 Represent FYEG to the public and are a contact point for people from outside the
- 498 Federation.
- Represent FYEG with the Partners and attend European Green Party Committee
- 500 meetings
- Are responsible for the secretariat
- The mandate of the spokespersons is further stated in the internal delegation
- order of FYEG, adopted by the Executive Committee on an annual basis.

- 4.2.2. Treasurer
- The Treasurer is responsible for the yearly budget of FYEG. The treasurer works
- closely together with the Secretary General and the Office, that ensures the
- daily financial management of the organisation. The treasurer:
- prepares the financial report to the Executive Committee and to the General
- 509 Assembly
- prepares a budget plan for the General Assembly
- has regular meetings with the Office to check the budget
- The mandate of the treasurer is further stated in the internal delegation order
- of FYEG, adopted by the Executive Committee on an annual basis
- 4.3. Secretary-General
- The Secretary General is elected for a three year mandate at the General
- Assembly. The mandate can only be renewed once. The total duration of the
- mandate of the Secretary-General can not exceed two mandates and the time held
- as "interim Secretary-General" is not counted as part of a mandate.
- The tasks of the Secretary General include:
- the legal representation of the organisation
- Managing the FYEG Secretariat and making sure that each office member fulfils
- their responsibilities and tasks
- Facilitating and assisting the work of the Executive Committee
- Overseeing the HR processes
- Overseeing the execution of FYEG Activity Plan
- Overseeing FYEG finances, including fundraising, reporting, handling FYEG bank
- accounts, accounting,
- Making sure that the statutory deadlines and process are respected
- Overseeing the organisation of the statutory activities

- Overseeing FYEG's external communications and campaigns
- Monitoring key political events and policy developments on the European level to
- serve as a resource for FYEG's political work
- Maintaining good contacts with FYEG's partners and Member Organisations and
- other stakeholders
- If mandated by the Executive Committee, the Secretary General can externally
- represent FYEG and its position
- 4.4. FYEG's Representative to the European Green Party
- 538 Committee
- As outlined in the Statutes and the Rule Book of the European Green Party, the
- Committee is the executive body of the European Green Party and is responsible
- for its political and strategical development and functioning within the budget
- and the guidelines approved by the Congress. The Committee consists of 13
- members, out of which 4 are elected for specific functions, 8 regular members
- and 1 seat nominated by FYEG.
- The Committee mandate is 3 years. Members may not serve more than three terms.
- The Committee's general tasks and responsibilities are further detailed in the
- 547 European Green Party Statutes.
- 548 FYEG nominates one member to the EGP Committee. Hereafter, this person will be
- referred to as the representative. This representative cannot hold any of the
- four specific posts of the Petit Committee of the European Green Party (Co-
- 551 Chairs, Treasurer and the Secretary General). The nomination of this FYEG
- representative will follow the Committee elections deadlines.
- 553 FYEG's representative is elected at the General Assembly. They must not be older
- than 35 years old at the year of election. They are required to attend at least
- one live Executive Committee meeting every year. Moreover they must submit a
- report to the General Assembly every year, detailing the work that they have
- done in the EGP Committee. They can be asked to attend more FYEG Executive
- 558 Committee meetings and FYEG events to represent the EGP Committee.
- 4.5. Financial Control and Advisory Committee
- 560 At the General Assembly, members of the Financial Control and Advisory Committee
- (FCAC) are elected for a two year mandate.

- The FCAC is composed of two members. Its members must not be members of the
- Executive Committee nor financially depending on FYEG.
- The FCAC's tasks include:
- At least one meeting a year, dedicated to checking FYEG's finances. A written
- report of this meeting must be submitted to the EC, thereby providing an
- internal audit.
- the presentation of this yearly report to the delegates at the GA. The financial
- report that is to be presented to the GA and all other relevant material have to
- be ready and at disposal for the meeting.
- Providing recommendations to FYEG Treasurer and Secretary General regarding the
- financial management and the financial orientations of FYEG.
- It is recommended that the EC and the office share relevant information related
- to the finances of the organisation to FCAC throughout the year.
- 575 **4.6.** Office
- In addition to the Secretary General, FYEG may recruit employees for its Office.
- In principle, all recruitments are made after an open and public call. The
- decision on the selected candidate is done in line with the internal delegation
- order of the FYEG, adopted by the Executive Committee on an annual basis.
- The Executive Committee adopts "Guidelines and Rules for the Office" in line
- with legal requirements. This document is made available to all employees,
- especially when new employees are recruited.
- Salaries are decided upon in line with the internal delegation order of the
- FYEG, based on the financial plans adopted by the General Assembly.
- 4.7. Advisory Committee
- The Advisory Committee ensures the transfer of knowledge within FYEG and acts as
- a conflict resolution body. It is appointed for two years at the General
- Assembly. The Advisory Committee is composed of 5 members. Action by the
- Advisory Committee is taken only upon request by Executive Committee members of
- other bodies of FYEG. Its tasks are:
- providing their shared experience on a specific subject

- assisting in conflict resolution between Executive Committee members, members of other Bodies and/or office
- providing general or specific mentorship for Executive Committee members on an individual needs basis.
- If requested by the Executive Committee, advising the Executive Committee on organisational and structural matters
- In order to enable the Advisory Committee to fulfil this tasks it is granted the following:
- one-way access to the email-list of the Executive Committee throughout the year, meaning the possibility to read conversations but not actively take part
- access to the online storing spaces of the Executive Committee, without editing rights.
- attendance at online or offline meetings of the Executive Committee
- During its duty, the Advisory Committee must respect the secrecy of internal matters. At the General Assembly, the Advisory Committee must present a brief overview of the functioning of the Executive Committee and office. If prompted, the Advisory Committee make recommendation within 8 weeks, after oral or written
- consultation of involved parties, and to the best of all members' knowledge.
- Recommendation of the Advisory Committee have to be provided in written form to parties involved.
- 4.8. Working Group
- Working groups have the following functions within FYEG:
- helping with the acquirement and create professional documents on current and selected topics
- providing the groundwork for the formulation of political positions
- promoting the involvement of Member Organisations and green activists in FYEG Working Groups
- 619 providing space for a debate between young Green activists on the European level

- supporting the Executive Committee, office and prep-teams in the organisation of
- events and campaigns
- supporting the Executive Committee and Prep-teams in policy related preparations
- 623 for FYEG events
- Working groups are formed by the Executive Committee, with a defined scope, aim,
- working area and timeframe. This defined scope is outlined by the Executive
- 626 Committee responsible for the working group and working group coordinators at
- the start of the mandate to complement FYEG's priorities. The creation of a
- working group may be planned in the annual activity plan adopted by the General
- 629 Assembly but the Executive Committee may also decide to create ad-hoc working
- groups.
- Working groups must not work against the political platform of FYEG. Further
- details on how to form, manage and communicate Working Groups is detailed in the
- Annex 2 Working Groups Guidelines.
- 4.9. Ecosprinter Editorial Board
- The Ecosprinter is the Member Organisations magazine of FYEG and is created by
- an autonomous editorial board, elected at the General Assembly. The Ecosprinter
- is published online and FYEG should strive for a printed version.
- The mission of the Ecosprinter is to:
- provide a forum for commentary and internal debate
- provide the spaces for blogs and articles of members of FYEG
- inform about European Green policies and politics
- report and comment about culture, politics and discussions they believe are of
- 643 importance.
- The Ecosprinter Editorial Board:
- consist of three members
- has to be gender-balanced
- can elect an Editor-in-Chief among its members

- work on the mission and development of the Ecosprinter
- In case there is not a consensus within the Ecosprinter Editorial Board on the
- election of the Editor-in-Chief, or an absolute majority, the Executive
- 651 Committee can appoint the Editor-in-Chief. The role of the editor in chief is to
- 652 coordinate the work of the Ecosprinter Editorial Board and ensure that the
- mission of the Ecosprinter is fulfilled.
- 4.10. Conflict of Interest
- In case a decision needs to be taken and a member of an FYEG body has a conflict
- of interest, financial or moral, they must inform the other members of the body
- before the decision is taken and the following procedure applies:
- the nature of the conflict of interest must appear in the minutes of the
- meeting,
- the person with a conflict of interest may not participate in the debate and
- the vote related to the decision in question.
- except for the Executive Committee itself, the body in question is allowed to
- delegate this decision to the Executive Committee,
- when the decision is delegated to a second body, the first body may still
- execute the decision.
- If someone neglects to disclose a conflict of interest, any other member who is
- aware of the conflict must inform the rest of the members before the debate and
- decision takes place. Without the member concerned by the conflict of interest
- present, the body decides by a vote whether or not this member can participate
- in the debate and the vote. This decision must be mentioned in the minutes of
- the meeting. The body is allowed to delegate this decision.
- In case the majority of members present or represented are in a position of
- conflict of interest, the decision must be delegated to the Executive Committee.
- In case the majority of members of the Executive Committee are in a position of
- conflict of interest, the decision must be delegated to the General Assembly.
- This chapter does not apply when the decision in question relates to usual
- transactions, entered into under normal market conditions and guarantees for
- transactions of the same nature.

5. Relations with other organisations

- 5.1. General principles
- FYEG may:

- become a member of other organisations/networks
- become a temporary or permanent partner of other
- organisations/networks/alliances
- set up new organisations and networks
- The Executive Committee may take the decision to become a temporary or permanent
- partner of other organisation/networks/alliances. The decision to become a
- member of other organisations/networks or to set up new organisations/networks
- should be approved by the General Assembly.
- 690 Furthermore the EC must:
- provide a list of organisations that FYEG is a member of, as well as a
- description of FYEG's rights and responsibilities and the contact details of the
- 693 concerned organisations
- 694 report at the GA about all the partnerships FYEG has maintained during the year
- and provide details upon request by a MO
- 5.2. European Green Party
- 697 FYEG is the official youth wing of the European Green Party (EGP). Relations
- between FYEG and EGP are further specified in the EGP-FYEG relationship
- agreement.
- 5.3. Cooperation and Development Network Eastern Europe
- FYEG and Cooperation and Development Network (CDN) are sister organisations and
- cooperate together to their mutual benefit. Relations between FYEG and CDN are
- further specified in the CDN-FYEG relationship agreement.
- 704 5.4. Global Young Greens
- FYEG supports the building and working of Global Young Greens (GYG), striving to

706 help GYG with financial and organisational matters.

6. Event Management

708 6.1. Participants

- Participants to an event are selected in line with the internal delegation order of the FYEG, striving for gender, age and geographical balance.
- The Executive Committee decides if the event is open to all or only to the delegates of Member Organisations.
- The FYEG Safer Spaces Policy and the Anti Sexual Harassment protocol shall be communicated and presented to all participants.
- 715 6.2. Prep Team
- A Prep Team is a temporary bodies, created for the planning, organisation and follow-up of specific projects.
- A Prep Team is set up via an open call procedure.
- In line with the internal delegation order of the FYEG, the final decisions on
- the Prep Team's composition and all necessary replacements are done by the
- responsible Executive Committee member. They must always:
- strive for gender and geographical balance
- ensure compliance to specific set of rules imposed by partners and funders
- A Prep Team can take decisions concerning their project independently. If
- needed, a Prep Team can consult the Executive Committee in order to solve
- possible internal problems.
- 6.3. Alcohol and intoxicating substances
- Organisers of the event shall make sure that underaged participants are not
- exposed to dangerous situations involving alcohol or illegal drugs.
- This shall be ensured by, among others, the following measures:

- Participants below 16 and those for whom it is forbidden by domestic laws, shall
- not consume alcohol or illegal drugs, and one shall not offer any to them. In
- the event that this does take place, all parties responsible must be banned from
- the rest of the programme. Moreover, their respective MO(s) shall be notified by
- 735 the Executive Committee upon violation of these rules;
- 736 Alcohol and illegal drugs shall not be consumed during the official sessions
- part of the programme;

- 738 FYEG shall look into organising sessions and parties in other places than those
- where alcohol consumption is central, such as bars or clubs;
- Members of the Executive Committee and the Prep Team shall lead by example and
- abstain from excessively drinking alcohol and from using illegal drugs during an
- event. Additionally, two people, from either the Executive Committee or the Prep
- Team, should be appointed to stay sober during the programme.

7. Financial Management

- The FYEG financial year starts on 1st of January and ends on 31st of December as
- is reflected in FYEG budget. The financial management of FYEG is done through
- the decision-making, execution and control of different bodies in line with
- 748 Belgian law and the delegation order adopted by each Executive Committee.
- 749 FYEG's internal financial management is organised as follows:
- 750 The General Assembly approves of the yearly Budget Report and amends and adopts
- 751 the yearly Budget Plan
- 752 The Executive Committee approves the General Budget Plan and Report presented by
- the Treasurer, before they are submitted to the General Assembly.
- The Treasurer regularly monitors the implementation of the overall budget and
- accounting and keeps the rest of the Executive Committee updated
- The Secretariat manages all the practicalities to realise the adopted budget
- under the supervision of the Secretary-General
- 758 The Financial Control and Advisory Committee (FCAC) monitors and reviews the
- financial reports and plans once per year before they are presented at the
- 760 General Assembly. The FCAC also monitors the financial management processes and
- practices. It submits a report to the General Assembly

- 762 A certified auditor provides an external audit in line with legal requirements.
- 763 7.1. Travel Reimbursements
- 764 The reimbursement rules, procedures and deadlines are shared with the
- participants of each events. Each event and activity has its own rules,
- procedures and deadlines in line with the rules and procedures of the funders of
- 767 the activity.
- As a general principle a person can ask for reimbursement of the travel cost if:
- the participant attended at least 75% of the meeting
- all relevant receipts and proof of travel have been handed in within the
- deadline communicated for each activity
- Exceptions to these rules regarding participants can only be made in
- consultation with the Treasurer.
- 7.1.1. Reimbursement practicalities
- 775 Train and other public transport travel costs are reimbursed on the basis of a
- 2nd class ticket or a 1st class if that option is cheaper.
- For night trips over 500 km the couchette fee (2nd class) can be covered
- Bike trips over 10 km are reimbursed by 1 EUR / km with a maximum of the price
- of a second class train ticket and with an absolute maximum of 100 EUR
- 780 Direct flights as well as combinations of direct flights with ground
- transportation are to be preferred over multistop flights due to the increased
- emissions from multiple starts and landings. Due to the high levels of
- emissions, plane-travel in general should be avoided as much as possible.
- Taxi costs will be reimbursed if local transport is not available and if
- requested in advance from the organisers.
- The necessity of using a private car must be justified in writing and approved
- in advance. Travel by car may be reimbursed by 0.2 EUR/km. Depending on the
- activity, specific reimbursement rules may apply.
- Car sharing should be approved in advance and should be cheaper than public

- transportation. The costs have to be documented.
- 791 FYEG uses the official conversion rates of the European Commission for
- currencies other than Euro:
- ec.europa.eu/budget/contracts_grants/info_contracts/inforeuro/inforeuro_en.cfm
- based on the date of expense if no other donor guidelines apply. Exceptions are
- payments with credit cards when the documented conversion rates of the credit
- 796 card company apply based on credit card payments statements.
- 797 7.2. Participation fees
- A participation fee to any activity can be demanded and fixed by the Executive Committee, in line with the delegation order.

7.3.1. Food and food supplies

7.3. Expenses covered

- The members of the Executive Committee can be reimbursed for food expenses up to
- maximum 30€ per person for meetings covering an entire day and up to 15€ per
- person for half-day meetings with at least 4 hours of work.
- Food reimbursement for other volunteers are fixed by the participating
- conditions for each event and meeting.
- FYEG can only cover costs for vegetarian and vegan food. At every event, vegan
- food should be offered and its consumption encouraged.
- 809 7.3.2. Child care
- If requested and possible child care will be provided for the Secretary-General,
- FYEG Office, Executive Committee members, speakers and Prep Team members in
- order to allow full presence at an event. The child care support can take the
- form of: covering the travel and accommodation costs for an extra person to
- provide child care on the spot during the event, covering the fee for a child
- care professional during the event etc. All the costs should be approved by the
- Treasurer.
- 7.4. Executive Committee Members allowance
- The members of FYEG Executive Committee are entitled to a monthly allowance up
- to a maximum of 135 EUR per month. The FYEG EC members are free to claim the
- allowance depending on their need.

- The allowance is meant to cover preparation and participation in the following
- meetings:
- FYEG activities, including regular EC meetings;
- 824 EGP Committee Meetings and Councils;
- Study Visits to Member Organisations approved by the EC;
- 0ther events or meetings approved by the EC.
- In addition to the monthly allowance, Executive Committee members are entitled
- to reimbursement for their costs for travel, accommodation, food and child care
- costs when travelling, in accordance with the FYEG reimbursement rules.
- Reimbursement for expenses while travelling can only cover expenses for up to
- the limit of 1 day before and 1 day after the event/meeting.
- The EC member in question makes sure the allowance is declared in line with the
- fiscal rules of their country of fiscal residence. FYEG declines responsibility
- for any tax liability.

Annex 1: Organisation of the General Assembly

- 836 Application Requirements & Procedures for Candidates
- 837 Applicant Organisations
- 0rganisations that are applying to become an Associate, Candidate or Full Member
- of the Federation of Young European Greens should send their application to the
- Executive Committee before the deadlines set in the Internal Rules and
- Procedures.

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- Their application shall contain:
- a letter signed by their board stating the reason and motivation for their application
- a copy of the original statutes and a translated version in English
 - a copy of their political platform (or comparable document) and a

translated version in English

- a filled-in questionnaire provided to them by the Executive Committee that includes questions on the number of its members, age limit, list of activities, budget and all other possibly relevant information.
- 851 Executive Committee candidates

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- 852 Candidates for the Executive Committee shall provide in their application form:
 - Filled-in application form that will be made available online
- A motivation letter,
- An Outline of their plans are for the organisation or their vision for FYEG
- Detailed CV
- Candidates must be proposed by their member organisation and seconded by another FYEG member organisation.
 - One nomination letter from the Member Organisation they belong to. If that
 is not possible the Member Organisation, of which the candidate is from,
 must provide an explanation for the rejection of nomination and the
 possible candidate has the right to provide a letter of justification. The
 letter will be shared with the delegates of the General Assembly. The
 General Assembly will decide, through a vote by two-third majority,
 whether this person is admitted as a candidate or not.
- Multiple positions holding
- 868 FYEG strives to have non-cumulation of positions.
- 869 Executive Committee members have to be able to combine their commitments to FYEG

- with whatever other tasks they may have. Candidates to the Executive Committee have to lay open what other mandates and functions they have.
- 872 Secretary General candidates:
- 873 Secretary General candidates' application must include:
- a CV

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- a comprehensive motivation letter, explaining how experiences match the profile, what the candidate thinks they can contribute to FYEG. It should also establish a vision of a European political youth organisation's role. Special emphasis is given to experiences within FYEG and other Young Green Organisations.
- the contact details of two references, preferably employers, supervisors or tutors
- Further requirements and procedure:
 - A committee for a pre-selection of the candidates will be set up. The committee will consist of 4 people: a current FYEG EC member, a former FYEG Secretary General or office coordinator, one full MO representative and a 4th member (NGO professional worker).
 - Only applications including all required documents and sent before the given deadline will be examined taking into consideration both political and professional skills of the candidates. These candidates will be given a written assignment and interview if this is possible.
- The committee will assess the candidates' experience and skills.
- Candidates will be given a month to campaign and are expected to present themselves at the GA. The final decision on the Sec-Gen of FYEG lies with the final vote of the GA of the organisation.

- In case a candidate is not recommended by the committee, they will still be able to apply for the position and present themselves at the GA, but the candidacy will not be endorsed by the EC.
- In case the Secretary-General wants to renew their mandate and if by the closing of the deadline for the applications for the Secretary-General there are no other applications received, there is no need for the Selection Committee.
- 902 FYEG's Representative to the EGP Committee Candidates:
- Candidates to FYEG's Representative to the EGP Committee must provide:
 - A motivation letter,

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- An outline of their plans are for the organisation or their vision for EGP, specifically as FYEG nominee
- Detailed CV, highlighting their experiences in FYEG and FYEG Member
 Organisations
 - A nomination letter from the Member Organisation they belong(ed) to. If that is not possible the Member Organisation, of which the candidate is from, must provide an explanation for the rejection of nomination and the possible candidate has the right to provide a letter of justification.
 - Further requirements and procedure:
- A committee for a pre-selection of the candidates will be set up. The
 committee will consist of 4 people: one current/former FYEG EC member, a
 current/former FYEG Co-Spokesperson, a current/former FYEG Secretary
 General, and one full Member Organisation representative).
 - Only applications including all required documents and sent before the given deadline will be examined taking into consideration both political and professional skills of the candidates. These candidates will be given an interview if this is possible.

- The committee will assess the candidates' experience and skills.
- Candidates are expected to present themselves at the General Assembly. The final decision on the nominee of FYEG to the EGP Committee is made by the General Assembly.
- In case a candidate is not recommended by the committee, they will still be able to apply for the position and present themselves at the General Assembly, but the candidacy will not be endorsed by the EC.
- 929 Financial Control and Advisory Committee:
- 930 Candidates for the Financial Control and Advisory Committee shall provide:
- A motivation letter, highlighting their experience in financial management
- 932Detailed CV
- 933 Ecosprinter Editorial Board:
- 934 Candidates for the Financial Control and Advisory Committee shall provide:
- A motivation letter
- 936 Detailed CV
- 937 Meeting rules to the General Assembly
- These meeting rules regulate the formal sessions of the General Assembly. The goal of these meeting rules is to make sure that all participants have an as similar understanding of the formalities of the General Assembly as possible.
- 941 Presidency
- The General Assembly is presided over by the Presidency. The Presidency consists

- of four to six people, who must not be candidates to any positions at the
 General Assembly. In line with the Internal Rules and Procedures, the Presidency
 is selected by the Executive Committee by an open-call. The General Assembly
 confirms the Presidency proposed by the Executive Committee before any other
- confirms the Presidency proposed by the Executive Committee before any other
- 947 decisions are made.
- The Presidency should elect a chair among themselves. The Chair is the main
- point of contact for the Executive Committee and the Office during and after the
- 950 General Assembly.
- The chair is responsible for making sure that the rest of the Presidency
- 952 delivers their tasks assigned to them and that all the documents related to the
- General Assembly (adopted resolutions, minutes, votes and voting cards, and
- other adopted documents) are finalised handed over the Office and the Executive
- Committee in the following month after the General Assembly.
- 956 The Presidency:
- chairs the meetings and discussions at the General Assembly
- prepares the resolutions, amendments and voting procedures for the General
 Assembly
- is responsible for taking the minutes of the General Assembly
- decides who speaks, who takes part in discussion and who can also be suspended from discussions.
 - Can call emergency sessions to the agenda. However this change would need confirmation by a simple two-thirds majority of the full members.
- 965 Agenda:

- The agenda of the General Assembly is adopted with a simple majority on the first day of the General Assembly.
- In line with the Statutes, if the member organisations want to add a point to the General Assembly agenda, they should communicate it to the Executive

- Committee at least 10 days in advance and their proposal must be signed by one-
- twentieth of the full members.
- The agenda can only be changed with a simple two-thirds majority of the full
- members. Proposed changes to the agenda have to be presented in written form to
- 974 the presidency.
- Documents that are noted, amended, approved, disapproved at the General
- 976 Assembly:
- The power and the role of the General Assembly is detailed in the Internal Rules
- 978 and Procedures.
- The Executive Committee, the Secretary General, the Ecosprinter Editorial Board,
- the Financial Control and Advisory Committee and the Advisory Committee presents
- their reports for the previous years. These reports are heard by the GA, not
- 982 voted.
- The Treasurer presents the annual accounts and financial report of the previous
- financial year and the budget and the financial plan of the upcoming year. These
- documents can be amended and voted.
- The Executive Committee presents the Activity Plan and the Strategy Plan (if
- 987 applicable) for the upcoming year(s). These documents can be amended and voted.
- The deadlines for presenting and amending these documents are detailed in the
- 989 Internal Rules and Procedures.
- The Presidency is responsible for organising Compromise Amendment Sessions (CAS)
- to try and find compromises on amendments, so that documents have a higher
- on chance of being adopted.
- 993 Compromise Amendment Sessions (CAS):
- 994 The Compromise Amendment Sessions are called CAS in short. Everyone who has
- 995 speaking rights at the General Assembly can attend the compromise amendment
- session, and it's advised that all member organisations with voting rights do
- 997 SO.
- Compromises are made between the member organisations or the body that proposed
- 999 the original document and the member organisations or the body that proposed the
- amendment subject to compromise. It is advised to include other interested
- 1001 Member Organisations in this compromise process so as to further broaden

- 1002 consensus.
- Amendments to existing documents (Statutes, Internal Rules and Procedures,
- Political Platform) are only subjected to compromise if the compromise is in the
- scope of an already submitted amendments. The Presidency may declare a
- compromise amendment ineligible if its scope is different from the original
- amendment.
- During the Compromise Amendment Session, the proposer of the resolution presents
- their resolution. The proposer of the amendment presents their amendment. At
- this point other parties can declare their positions towards the amendment. The
- proposer of the resolution can adapt the amendments or seek a compromise. If a
- compromise is reached, it is shared with the delegates of the General Assembly.
- 1013 Unless a Full Member Organisation or the Executive Committee disputes the
- compromise, it is considered adopted. If the compromise is disputed, the
- compromise will be sought until the last day of the General Assembly.
- 1016 It is encouraged that the CAS sessions are organised in advance of the General
- Assembly, following the deadline for amendments which is one week before the
- 1018 General Assembly. The CAS session can happen online.
- In the voting, firstly the compromised amendments on the document as whole are
- voted. Afterwards, the document itself is voted on.
- 1021 Resolutions
- Each resolution should have an international and/or European angle
- Each resolution should be supported by at least one Member Organisation
- A resolution should always have a call to action
- A resolution should preferably be around 5,000 characters but definitely not more than 10,000
- The Executive Committee can recommend review of certain resolutions to the
- 1028 Presidency
- The Presidency can suggest/demand the proposers of the resolution to withdraw
- 1030 their resolution or to postpone the resolution to the further General
- 1031 Assemblies.

- 1032 Speaking rights and debates:
- Speaking rights are open to all members of FYEG bodies, and all registered participants of the General Assembly.
- 1035 The presidency ultimately decides which individuals are given the opportunity to
- speak.
- The speaking time for debates is proposed by the presidency at the beginning of
- every debate based on the content of the debate and the time assigned for the
- 1039 current session in the agenda.
- 1040 The presidency can change the assigned speaking time based on the time left of
- the session to better fit the agenda, as they see fit. This might include
- 1042 cutting breaks.
- 1043 The General Assembly can overrule (with a simple two thirds majority) the
- 1044 presidency's proposals for speaking time. In such cases the new Agenda proposal
- must be submitted to the Presidency in a written form.
- During sessions where debates will take place, participants will be able to
- submit 'speaker cards' before the session. These cards will note if they are
- 1048 for/against, their Member Organisation and their gender.
- In vue of the received speaker cards, the Presidency will define the speaker
- list. Speakers may still be taken from the floor for balance, but those who
- submit cards will be prioritised
- The presidency will ensure gender balance on the speaking list. This is done
- through a strict quotation of the list. Only as many men are allowed to speak as
- non-men are on the list. The only exception is if people are on the list who
- haven't participated in the debate up to that point. They will be chosen before
- persons that have already made plenty of contributions.
- The only exceptions to the speakers list are technical points. If someone has a
- technical point, they must signal the presidency and will be given the floor
- 1059 after the current speaker.
- 1060 Types of debate:
- 1061 Open debate: The debate is open to speakers willing to speak for or against the
- resolution or amendment being discussed, as well as for contributions that are
- neither opposed nor in favour. This debate is often used during the Compromise

- Amendment Sessions. 1064
- Con-Pro: The debate is organised by an alternation of speakers against and for 1065
- the resolution or amendment being discussed. This debate is often used during 1066
- 1067 the Voting Session of the amendments that goes to vote and the resolutions.
- 1068 It should be noted that all the compromises should be reached before the voting
- session and the point of the con-pro debate is not to reach a compromise but to 1069
- 1070 explain the positions. Therefore the presidency is encouraged to do only one
- round of con-pro debates, and if more than one rounds occur time is monitored by 1071
- the presidency to ensure that overall the 'pro' and 'con' sides are both 1072
- 1073 allocated equivalent speaking time.
- Quorum, voting and majorities: 1074
- Quorum, voting rules and majorities are defined in the Internal Rules of 1075
- 1076 Procedures.
- 1077 Voting rules and majorities are defined in the Internal Rules of Procedures
- A quorum check will be called before the voting sessions. 1078
- Safer Spaces 1079
- 1080 The General Assembly is a space where everybody feels safe, and has an equal
- opportunity to be heard. The Presidency is responsible for chairing the General 1081
- Assembly in line with FYEG's Safer Spaces regulations. The presidency can ban a 1082
- 1083 participant for misconduct for the remainder of a session.
- (Queer-)Feminist Council 1084
- On a point of order, the women, intersex, nonbinary, trans and agender 1085
- participants present and entitled to vote may decide whether they wish to hold a 1086
- 1087 Feminist Council. The motion is dealt with with one pro and one con speech, with
- only those eligible to vote on the motion able to speak; the debate can be 1088
- opened up beyond these two speeches. The Feminist Council then deliberates for 1089
- 1090 up to one hour in the absence of the other participants and informs the entire
- body of the outcome after the end of the Feminist Council. The Feminist Council 1091
- 1092 is considered part of the respective body. The organizers are responsible for a
- 1093
- parallel programme dealing with a feminist policy topic for all those not
- participating in the Feminist Council. 1094
- At the Feminist Council, women, intersex, nonbinary, trans and agender people 1095
- 1096 can issue a Feminist vote. In the case of motions that affect the right of self-
- 1097 determination of women, intersex, nonbinary, trans or agender people in terms of
- 1098 form or content or that particularly affect women, intersex, nonbinary, trans or

agender people, the Feminist Council has the opportunity to hold a separate vote among women, intersex, nonbinary, trans or agender people before the assembly vote. This Feminist vote is a strong and urgent recommendation to the assembly and shall be understood as such. The feminist vote is a non-binding recommendation.

Annex 2: Working Group Guidelines

- These guidelines are to serve the Working Groups and the Working Group coordinators.
- 1108 Working Group rights and responsibilities:

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- 1109 Working group functions are detailed in the FYEG's Internal Rules of Procedures. 1110 FYEG Working Groups are based on direct democracy and the inclusion of all its 1111 members. Most of the Working Group meetings happen online, through the channels of internal communication available to them. Working Group members can have 1112 1113 access to usage of the internal communication tools available to FYEG (such as 1114 online meeting softwares). As set out in the Internal Rules of Procedures, the 1115 EC is responsible for setting up a new Working Group and for ending the term of 1116 a Working Group.
- 1117 Working Groups can (and not only):
- Support FYEG and its bodies in developing policy documents
- Provide feedback to FYEG's internal policies and documents
- Create campaigns
- Create guidelines, templates, training material, and similar material
- All the Working Group activities must be in line with the FYEG Political Platform.
- 0nly FYEG's Executive Committee (EC) has the mandate to speak on behalf of the organisation and engage in partnerships with other organisations. Therefore, any external communication or partnership request needs their approval.

- When the Working Group has a request for content to be shared via FYEG's
- official channels, firstly, it should be approved by the member of the Executive
- 1130 Committee responsible for the Working Group (hereinafter EC Responsible).
- Moreover, if the Working Group decides to engage in external partnerships, sign
- letters of external partners (i.e. organisations other than Green Political
- Organisations), etc. this must also be approved by the EC Responsible for the
- Working Group.
- Finally, if the Working Group needs support from the FYEG Office in matters of
- communication, administration, finances, etc. the Working Group should
- communicate a detailed concept, through the Working Group coordinator, to the EC
- 1138 Responsible in a timely manner.
- 1139 Executive Committee responsibilities:
- 1140 The EC Responsible is the person appointed among the EC members to be
- 1141 responsible for the Working Group.
- 1142 They are responsible for:
- Initial setup of the Working Group: defining the aims, scope, timeframe, publishing a call for Working Group members and coordinators
- Choosing the first members of the Working Group and the Working Group
 coordinators
- Meeting with the coordinators to explain their roles and responsibilities
- Attend meetings where needed/wanted to (optional) but in general, it is
 more important to be aware what they are up to
- Keeping track of all their activities and being aware of how the Working
 Group is progressing and what they are up to
- Providing political advice and making sure the Working Group acts in line with FYEG's Political Platform

- Updating the Working Group on FYEG activities related to their topics and purposes
- The EC responsible has the possibility to exclude someone from the Working Group
- on the recommendation of the coordinators or at least three members of the
- group. The EC has to be informed of the decision. The person has the possibility
- to appeal to the Advisory Committee.
- 1160 Working Group coordinator responsibilities
- A working group should have two coordinators, at least one of them self-
- identifying as women, intersex, nonbinary, trans or agender.
- 1163 If it is impossible to find two coordinators even after the EC responsible's
- best efforts to do so, an exemption can be made if approved by the FYEG EC. In
- this case, it is required that either the EC responsible or the Working Group
- coordinator self-identifies as female, intersex, nonbinary, trans or agender,
- 1167 Working Group coordinator tasks are as follows:
- Set meetings and agendas for Working Group and notifying members of action points afterwards (online Working Group meetings should strive to be planned at least once every two weeks, excluding holidays and exceptional
- circumstances)
- Set up the main communication channels
- Main point of contact for EC Responsible
- Keep the EC Responsible up to date on what's happening in the Working
 Group
- Keep Working Group members informed and updated on EC's feedback and recommendations
- Steer direction: set priorities, what themes/projects they work on, oversee the work

- Coordinate the creation of a Working Group activity plan, guided be the objectives and goals set out at the beginning
- Set up subgroups (if necessary or desired)
- They do not need to be involved in every single project or attend every meeting, but in their absence should delegate project or meeting moderation to someone else, and keep themselves updated on progress

Annex 3: Safer Spaces Policy

1186

- Safer spaces are evolving and not static. We have high expectations on how we behave towards each other in our meetings, actions and social spaces. Making a space safer means different things depending on the group of people involved as each group has different needs. This policy aims to be considered in every
- meeting involving FYEG, but the document should evolve as we learn and grow.
- As an organisation we build social relationships inside and outside of meetings and actions. We commit to this Safer Spaces policy wherever we are together, this includes ensuring that ALL spaces are inclusive and harmless.
- If someone violates these agreements a discussion or mediation process can happen, depending on the wishes of the person who was affected. If a serious violation happens to the extent that someone feels unsafe, they can be asked to leave the space and/or speak with one member of the Awareness Group. If necessary, the Sexual Harassment Protocol will be activated.
- 1. Respect! Racism, as well as ageism, GSRM-phobia , sexism, ableism or prejudice based on ethnicity, nationality, class, gender, gender presentation, language ability, asylum status or religious affiliation is unacceptable and will be challenged. FYEG has a zero-tolerance policy with any kind of discrimination, even though we acknowledge that there can be different levels in a breach of a safe space.
- 2. Be aware of your privileges! Including racial, class and gender privilege and/or less obvious or invisible hierarchies. Think about how your words, opinions and feelings are influenced and who they might exclude or harm.
- 3. Consent! Respect each other's physical and emotional boundaries, always get explicit verbal consent before touching someone or crossing boundaries. Don't

- assume your physical & emotional boundaries are the same as other people's.
- 4. Friendly use of language! Be aware of the language you use in discussion and
- how you relate to others. Try to speak slowly and clearly and use uncomplicated
- language especially when non-natives speakers are involved in the conversation.
- 5. Don't anticipate yourself! Avoid assuming the opinions and identifications of
- other participants.
- 6. Learning; if you don't understand something, just ask. You may be directed to
- a book, website or skill share to learn more. It's ok to make mistakes. Please
- show appreciation for the hard work of others and be considerate when you offer
- 1220 criticism.
- 7. Everyone has their turn; give each person the time and space to speak. In
- large groups, or for groups using facilitation: Raise your hand to speak.
- 8. Calling out; if you have acted or spoken harmfully, even if unintentionally,
- expect that someone will bring this up to you. If this happens, listen and
- reflect on what they are saying even if you think they may be wrong. Don't try
- to absolve yourself of responsibility.
- This policy should be expanded with specific measures and practices to promote
- the creation of safer spaces.

1229

- 1230 The EC, Office and all Prep Teams must organise mandatory reflection/awareness
- sessions dedicated to discussing power dynamics in relation to sexual/romantic
- relationships within our Federation, being mindful about how they engage with
- participants and ethical leadership within FYEG.
- 1. The EC should hold such a reflection/awareness session at a minimum once a
- year preferably at the first live ECM.
- 2. The Office should hold such a reflection/awareness session at a minimum
- once a year.
- 3. Prep Teams should hold such a session at least once during a Prep Team
- meeting before the event they are organizing begins.

Discussions on power dynamics and ethical leadership also are incorporated into the onboarding process for new EC members and Office members.

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Permanent Awareness Team

- The Permanent Awareness Team consists of one member from the EC and one volunteer that is not a member of the EC. Both members are selected by the EC.

 This team operates in addition to the event-specific awareness groups and are complementary to those. Members of FYEG should be informed of the existence of this team and know that they can contact them regarding situations that make them feel uncomfortable or if they have concerns about the behaviour of EC Members, Office members, or PT members.
- The Permanent Awareness Team should be easily accessible via the website, and there should be a contact form available that allows for anonymous submissions.
- The team is responsible for safeguarding the anonymity of any FYEG members who reach out to them.
- The Permanent Awareness Team has the authority to make recommendations and propose initiatives in the form of reports to the EC and the General Assembly as needed.

1258 1259

Anti sexual harassment protocol

- FYEG has a zero-tolerance policy on sexual harassment at all its events, within all its structures and during all activities. This protocol is applicable for those participating in an FYEG activity (General Assembly, Strategic Planning Committee, Working Group Meeting or any other activity), members of a Member Organization (MO), or members of an online structure of FYEG, referred to as "this organization" from now onwards in this protocol.
- Anyone who is subject to sexual harassment can approach one of the designated 1266 contact points responsible for receiving complaints of sexual harassment. The 1267 Executive Committee will designate an Awareness Group for anyone presenting 1268 allegations of physical, verbal or online sexual harassment. In accordance with 1269 1270 the IRPs, the Awareness Group will be formed by two persons from the EC who are 1271 of different genders. Additionally, every Prep - Team will designate one person 1272 to be an independent contact person in our projects. However, this person shall 1273 always inform the official contact points if a procedure starts, in the case of

- their absence, the main contact will be the Project Manager.
- 1275 When one of these procedures is open in the organization, the EC as a whole must
- be informed of the procedure without details of the people involved or the
- presented allegations to respect confidentiality. If a case involves someone
- 1278 from the EC, the case will be brought to the Advisory Committee (AC). The
- Advisory Committee will act as contact points when a case arises, following this
- protocol. However, the EC will not be informed until a final decision is made.
- 1281 Important note:
- 1282 These procedures will follow general principles such as the privacy of the
- survivor, confidentiality of the process and survivor's choice and preference.
- We respect the presumption of innocence of any alleged harasser which is why
- this procedure is in place and has been approved in the General Assembly.
- However, as a feminist organization, we also believe in the principle of
- believing the survivor and putting the burden of the proof on the alleged
- 1288 harasser.
- 1289 This procedure might be applied to an internal case of a MO if this case is
- related to FYEG activity or if the people involved take part in any FYEG
- structure. However, we will not be able to extend sanctions or disciplinary
- measures beyond FYEG. MOs can however adapt this protocol to their own
- organization.
- When the designated people receive a complaint of sexual harassment, they shall:
- 1295 1. Immediately record the dates, times and facts of the incident(s);
- 1296 2. ascertain the views of the survivor as to what outcome they want, ensure the
- survivor feels safe and ensure the survivor is separated from the alleged
- offender unless the survivor wishes otherwise;
- 3. ensure that the survivor and the alleged harasser understands FYEG protocol
- for dealing with the complaint;
- 4. discuss and agree the next steps with the alleged survivor, informal, formal
- or outside complaints procedure (police, hospital, embassy, etc.), on the
- understanding that choosing to resolve the matter informally does not preclude
- the survivor from pursuing a formal complaint if they are not satisfied with the
- outcome;
- 5. keep a confidential record of all discussions. Records will be destroyed if
- the alleged survivor requests it, or before the change to a new EC. However, a

- record of sanctions and a brief description of the reason will be kept in a safe place;
- 6. respect the choice of the survivor;
- 7. and ensure that the survivor knows that they can lodge the complaint outside of FYEG through the relevant country/legal framework.
- 1313 INFORMAL COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE
- 1314 If the survivor wishes to deal with the matter informally, the designated person will:
- Approach the alleged harasser saying that the behaviour is offensive, unwelcome and must be stopped;
- Inform the harasser that FYEG has a zero tolerance policy on sexual harassment and that disregarding this policy may result in the person's exclusion from the organization
- give an opportunity to the alleged harasser to respond to the complaint;
- ensure that the alleged harasser understands the complaints mechanism;
- facilitate discussion between both parties to achieve an informal resolution which is acceptable to the complainant, provided the alleged survivor agrees,
- ensure that a confidential record is kept of what happened;
- follow up after the outcome of the complaints mechanism to ensure that the behaviour has stopped and that there is no risk of its repetition;
- And ensure that the above is done accurately and at the latest within 10 days of the complaint being made. During events, the procedure shall take place within 48 hours.
- 1331 FORMAL COMPLAINTS PROCEDURES
- If the survivor wants to make a formal complaint or if the informal complaint mechanism has not led to a satisfactory outcome for the survivor, the formal complaint mechanism should be used to resolve the matter.

- The designated person who initially received the complaint will communicate to 1335 the rest of contact points the opening of a formal complaint procedure. The EC 1336 will be informed of this, respecting the confidentiality of the alleged survivor 1337 and the allegations. The designated person who initially received the complaint 1338 1339 will carry out the investigation with the assistance of the Awareness Group and 1340 the independent contact person at the moment in which allegations were 1341 presented, if any. They will help the investigator with the analysis and 1342 decision making process. A procedure for online harassment shall be developed.
- 1343 The person carrying out the investigation will:
- interview the survivor and the alleged harasser separately
- interview other relevant third parties separately
- decide whether the incident qualifies as sexual harassment within the meaning of this protocol
- produce a report detailing the investigations, findings and any recommendations
- if the harassment took place, decide what the appropriate remedy for the survivor is, in consultation with the survivor (i.e. an apology, a change of structure, suspension..,)
- follow up to ensure that the recommendations are implemented, that the behaviour has stopped and that the survivor is satisfied with the outcome
- if it cannot determine that the harassment took place, they may still make recommendations to ensure proper functioning of the organization
- keep a record of all actions taken
- ensure that all records concerning the matter are kept confidential
- ensure that the process is done as quickly as possible and in any event within 1360 15 days of the complaint being made
- The general rule is to avoid the presence of the alleged harasser in those places/structures in which the alleged survivor moves. It is vital that the wishes and needs of the survivors are incorporated into the outcome of the complaints mechanism.

- A data protection protocol will be developed.
- 1366 OUTSIDE COMPLAINT MECHANISM
- This protocol seeks to create a fast and appropriate response to allegations of
- sexual harassment. However, it does not seek to substitute existing regulation
- and legislation on this issue. We want to make clear that FYEG wants to be fully
- supportive with every decision of the alleged survivor.
- 1371 A person who has been subject to sexual harassment can at any time make a
- complaint outside of the organization. Even though this organization cannot
- offer legal advice, the contact point(s) will accompany the person to the
- instance this person prefers (hospital, police, ombudsperson, law courts,
- embassies, etc.) if they request it.
- 1376 SANCTIONS AND DISCIPLINARY MEASURES
- 1377 Anyone who has been found to have sexually harassed another person under the
- terms of this policy may be sanctioned. Sanctions may include but are not
- 1379 limited to one of the following:
- Verbal or written warning
- Suspension from an elected or non-elected FYEG structure, in line with FYEG
- 1382 IRPs when appropriate
- Dismissal/expulsion
- Depending on the seriousness of the allegations, the EC, upon request of the
- Awareness Group may suspend someone from taking part in any FYEG structure or
- activity during the duration of the process. Confidentiality of the survivor
- 1387 will be maintained.
- In case of sexual harassment, violence or discrimination by a member of an
- elected body within FYEG (Financial Control Committee, Advisory Committee or
- 1390 Ecosprinter Board) the EC can exclude the offender after consulting the full
- MOs. (cf. 2.2.2). If the case arises within the EC, the Advisory Committee can
- exclude the offender after consulting the full MOs.
- 1393 The nature of the sanctions will depend on the gravity and extent of the
- harassment. Suitable deterrent sanctions will be applied to ensure that
- incidents of sexual harassment are not treated as trivial. Certain serious
- cases, including physical violence, will result in the immediate dismissal of

1397	the harasser.
1398	Guidelines for persons of contact
1399	Read the protocol and understand every aspect
1400	What is sexual harassment? It is unwanted behaviour of a sexual nature which:
1401	• Violates your dignity
1402	 Makes you feel intimidated, degraded or humiliated
1403	Creates a hostile or offensive environment
1404	Sexual harassment "can include, but is not limited to", these examples:
1405	 Touching, pinching, stroking, squeezing, or brushing against someone
1406	• Leering or ogling
1407 1408	 Making LGBTIAQ+-phobic or GSRM (Gender, Sexual and Romantic Minorities)- phobic comments and sexually suggestive signals, winking
1409 1410	 Sending unwanted e-mails, text messages, posting sexually-explicit jokes or content on FYEG communication channels
1411	• Sexual comments or jokes
1412	 Making insults based on a person's sex or rating their sexuality
1413	Turning work discussions to sexual topics

- Physical behaviour, including unwanted sexual advances, touching and various forms of sexual assault
- Displaying pictures, photos or drawings of a sexual nature
- Remember: Whether harassing intentionally or unintentionally, we all have a
- responsibility to monitor our behaviour and respect each other. Anyone who
- reports an incident has the right to remain anonymous. They also have the right
- to feel safe and respected.
- 1421 Listen and Support
- 1422 It's tough to be prepared when someone tells you that they have been the
- survivor of sexual harassment. Remember, you can only provide support
- Support and understanding are essential. It takes a lot of courage for a
- survivor to share their experience;
- 1426 Try to provide a safe/non-judgmental environment, emotional comfort and support
- for the survivor to express feelings;
- Let them know that they can talk with you. Listen. Don't rush to provide
- solutions.
- 1430 Believe
- 1431 The most common reason people choose not to tell anyone about sexual abuse is
- the fear that the listener won't believe them. People rarely lie or exaggerate
- about abuse; if someone tells you, it's because they trust you and needs someone
- to talk to.
- People rarely make up stories of abuse. It is not necessary for you to decide if
- they were "really hurt." If the survivor says they were hurt, that should be
- enough
- Believe what the person tells you. It may have been difficult for them to talk
- to you and trust you. Unless proven wrong harassment has happened.
- 1440 Reassure
- Sexual assault is NEVER the survivor's fault. No one asks to be sexually

- assaulted by what they wear, say or do. Let the survivor know that only the
- perpetrator is to blame;
- The survivor needs to hear that fears, anxieties, guilt and anger are normal,
- understandable and acceptable emotions;
- Remember, no one ever deserves to be abused or harassed.
- 1447 Be Patient
- Don't press for details let the person decide how much to tell you. Ask them
- 1449 how you can help;
- Survivors have to struggle with complex decisions and feelings of powerlessness,
- trying to make decisions for them may only increase that sense of powerlessness;
- You can be supportive by helping them to identify all the available options and
- then help them by supporting their decision making process (here refer to the
- protocol).
- The survivor can't just "forget it" or just move on. Recovery is a long term
- 1456 process and each individual moves at their own pace
- 1457 Encourage
- Encourage the survivor to seek medical attention, report the assault, and or
- contact a professional if needed. Remember, the survivor must ultimately make
- the decision as to what to do. They are the experts in their own lives. Don't
- push. Remember, support their choices no matter what they decide.
- 1462 Respect Privacy Confidentiality
- Don't tell others what the survivor tells you. Let the individual decide who
- they will tell. It is important not to share information with others who are not
- involved;
- 1466 If you do need to share information for their safety, get permission by letting
- them know what you will share and with whom it will be shared; ie. the rest of
- 1468 contact points in case of a formal complaint
- 1469 Establish Safety

- An important part of helping the survivor is to identify ways in which the survivor can re-establish their sense of physical and emotional safety. You are a step in the process. Ask them what would make them feel safe and how you can
- 1473 help them accomplish this.
- 1474 If the stalking or harassment is ongoing, help them to develop a plan of what to
- do if they are in immediate danger. Having a specific plan and preparing in
- advance can be important if the harassment escalates.
- 1477 Things you can say
- 1478 It is hard to know what to say to a person when they confide in you. Refrain
- 1479 from asking a lot of questions, instead, support them with these phrases. Let
- the person know that you believe that they have the strengt and capacity to
- 1481 heal.
- It's not your fault
- I'm sorry this happened
- I believe you
- How can I help you?
- I am glad you told me
- I'll support your choices
- You're not alone
- 1489 Use of inclusive language
- 1490 FYEG aims to use language in its communications and its events that reflects the
- level of English spoken within an organisation of mostly non-native speakers.
- 1492 FYEG promotes the use of inclusive and accessible language within the
- organisation. FYEG attempts to reduce the shame of using simple language. We do

this to make sure that everyone feels welcome to participate and contribute.